3-COMPONENT FORCE LINK F_X, F_Y, F_Z

Quartz force link for measuring the three orthogonal components of a dynamic or quasistatic force acting in an arbitrary direction.

Very extended measuring range, high rigidity and minimal cross talk.

- · Calibrated force link
- Simple installation
- Multipol connector

Technical Data

Range	F _x , F _v	kΝ	-20 20	Sensitivity	F _x , F _v	pC/N	≈ -7,6
Without moments if e.g. four force links are mounted into					F _z	pC/N	≈-3,8
one force plate)				Linearity,			.0.5
Range	F _x , F _v	kΝ	-5 5	each axis		% FSO	≤±0,5
(Example with point of force	' x, ' y		0 0	Hysteresis, each axis		% FSO	≤0,5
application $F_{x,y}$ 25 mm above				Cross talk		% F30 %	≤0,5 ≤±1
top plate)					$F_Z \rightarrow F_X, F_y$	%	≤±1 ≤±2
Range (Point of force application F _z	Fz	kN	-40 40	(Cross talk F_x , $F_y \rightarrow F_z$ is $\leq \pm 2$ % if e.g. four force links are mounted in to one force plate)	$F_x \leftrightarrow F_y$ $F_x, F_y \rightarrow F_z$	%	≤±2 ≤±3
centric)				Rigidity	C _x , C _v	N/µm	≈600
Overload		%	10		C ₇	N/µm	≈4000
Calibrated range	F _x , F _v	kN	0 10; 0 1	Natural frequency	$f_0(x)$	kHz	≈2,4
(Point of force application $F_{x,y}$	х [,] у		,	. ,	$f_0(y)$	kHz	≈2,4
10 mm below top plate					$f_0(z)$	kHz	≈6,0
surface)				Operating temperature			
Calibrated range	F _z	kΝ	0 40; 0 4	range		°C	-50 8
(Point of force application F_z				Insulation resistance		Ω	≥10¹³
centric)				Ground insulation		Ω	>108
Max. moments	M _x ,y _v	Nm	-650/650	Capacitance,			
	(M _z =0; Fz=0)			each channel		рF	≈100
	Mz	Nm	-390/390	Connector		3 pole N	18x0,75
	(M _x , _y =0; Fz=0)			Weight		kg	3,6
Threshold		Ν	<0,01				

Type 9367B, 9368B

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1 N (Newton) = 1 kg·m·s⁻² = 0,1019... kp = 0,2248... lbf; 1 kp = 1 kgf = 9,80665 N; 1 inch = 25,4 mm; 1 kg = 2,2046... lb; 1 Nm = 0,73756... lbft

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Description

The force sensor is mounted under preload between two plates and, therefore can measure compression and tensile forces. The quartz element yields an electric charge which is proportional to the force. This is picked off by electrodes and transferred via a connector. The charge signal is fed via a screened cable to a charge amplifier, which converts it into a proportional output voltage. An appropriate evaluation circuit can record and further process the measurand.

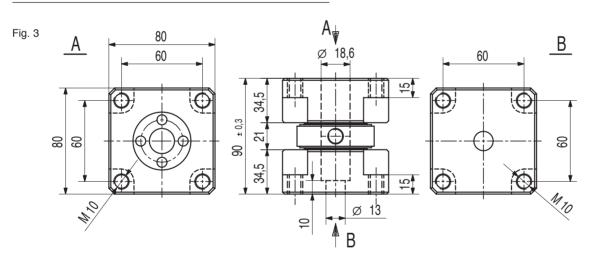
The sensor is mounted ground-isolated. This largely eliminates ground loop problems.

Types 9367B and 9368B

The force links Types 9367B and 9368B differ only in the position of the coordinate system relative to the sensor case (see Fig. 1).

The technical data of both types are identical. When combining the Types 9367B and 9368B in a force plate with four force links, the position of the coordinate system relative to the connectors can be chosen as desired (see also Fig. 2).

Dimensions



Mountings

The contact surfaces that transfer the forces onto the force link must be flat, rigid and clean.

When four force links are used to construct a force plate, they must be machined to the same level.

The force links can be fastened either from outside with four screws M10 in each case or from the center again in each case with four screws M8.

The screws must be tightened sufficiently so that even with maximum force exerted, no gap occurs between the contact surfaces.

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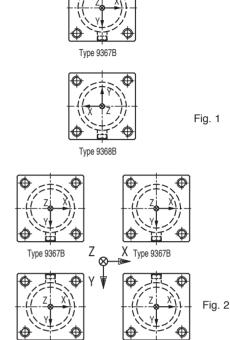
Force introduction

When only a single force link is used, then as far as possible, the center of pressure should be within the cover plate.

Eccentric force introduction produces a moment of force on the sensor element and is permitted only up to specified values. If such a moment prevails, then the areas of force must be reduced accordingly.

A rigidly constructed force plate with four force links largely prevents moment stresses on the sensor element.

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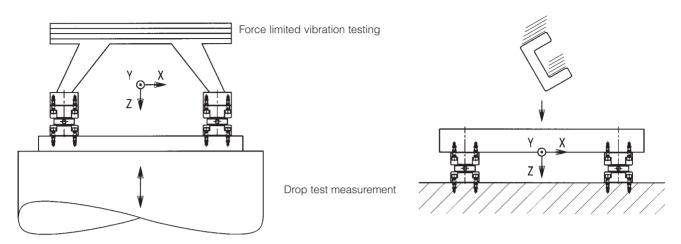
Type 9368B

Type 9368B

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Mounting examples



Application

The quartz force links can measure the 3 orthogonal force components easily, directly and precisely, because these sensors feature an inherently low cross talk.

The elastic behaviour of the test object is practically not influenced. Quasistatic measurements, are possible, too. The force link is supplied calibrated. After correct installation, it is immediately ready for use without re-calibration.

Thanks to their high rigidity they cover a wide frequency range.

Application examples

- Cutting forces
- Impact forces
- Reaction forces in rockets
- Dynamic forces on shakers
- Determination of coefficients of friction

Available versions

Type 9367B

3-Component Force link with standard coordinate system (see Fig. 1)

Type 9368B

3-Component Force link like Type 9367B, but with coordinate system rotated 180° about z-axis (see Fig. 1)

Accessories	Туре			
Connecting cable	1693A 1694A 1695A			

Parallel Switching

Several force links of identical sensitivities can be paralleled directly. The charge amplifier connected then gives an output voltage which corresponds to the sum of all forces acting.

This is a great advantage when building force plates with which only the 3 components of the resulting force must be measured.

Electronics

Besides the force sensors, a 3-component force measuring system also requires 3 charge amplifiers, which convert the electrical charge signals of the sensor into voltages exactly proportional to the three components Fx, Fy and Fz of the acting force.

In order to construct multicomponent force plates for measuring three forces and three moments, special multichannel charge amplifiers are available.

Systems for Multicomponent Measurements

Information concerning cable concept see Data sheet IN6.9017/47/67/77

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